Abuse, Neglect and Exploitation

Abuse, neglect, and exploitation are difficult issues to talk about but probably are the most important issues to deal with. Most workers provide excellent care. However, some workers may take advantage of the individuals they work for who need their help. For your own safety, we want to make sure you know what abuse is and how to deal with it if it happens to you. Please let your Program Coordinator or Case Manager know if abuse, neglect or exploitation has occurred. S/he can help you plan for safety. Abuse, neglect and exploitation are against the law.

The different types of abuse are:

<u>Physical Abuse</u> includes hitting, slapping, pinching, kicking and other forms of rough treatment. If a worker does something on purpose to cause you physical pain, it may be physical abuse. For example, you have fallen down. Your worker gets mad and grabs you and forcefully pulls you up. Bruises are left on your arms.

<u>Verbal Abuse</u> means any time a worker uses spoken or written words or gestures that are meant to insult or attack you or make you feel bad. For example: you forget to take your pills and your worker says, "you are so stupid."

<u>Psychological Abuse</u> happens if a worker uses actions or makes statements that are meant to humiliate or threaten you or to cause you emotional harm.

For example, your worker continually tells you that, "you cannot take care of yourself. Without me you would be nothing."

<u>Sexual Abuse</u> includes any unwanted sexual annoyance, touching, fondling or attack. Any sexual behavior by a worker that makes you uneasy is sexual abuse. For example, your worker fondles your breasts when giving you a bath.

<u>Neglect</u> means a worker is not meeting your basic needs for food, hygiene, clothing or health maintenance. Neglect includes repeated acts of carelessness. After you have given the service provider/worker directions about these things, s/he should make sure your basic needs are met. For example, your worker consistently takes your good food. She then cooks you meals with the leftovers but the meals are not balanced and do not follow your diet restrictions.

Exploitation happens when you trust someone and the person lies to you or scares you in order to take or use your property or money for himself/herself. An example of exploitation would be a worker taking something of value from you without permission. For example, taking your television, DVD player or automobile without asking your permission is exploitation. If your worker asks you to put their name on your bank account, this is exploitation.

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For example, your worker convinces you to put his name on your checking account. He then takes some money from your account telling you it is for the extra time he has worked.

If you feel a worker is abusing or exploiting you, take care of the situation right away. If the abuse is slight, you can try talking with the worker:

- Tell him/her what actions or behaviors you do not like.
- Tell the worker that if the behaviors do not stop right away you will need to find another worker.

This approach may be effective for a worker who may not be aware of how you are feeling. Be ready to take more action right away if the behaviors do not stop.

In most abuse cases, you should dismiss the worker immediately. **DO NOT** put up with mistreatment. Protect yourself. Your safety is the priority. Remember you can use your Emergency and Backup Plan to use a "backup" worker if you have to dismiss someone because of abuse.

How to Recognize Potential Abuse

- Does your caregiver ignore your instructions and requests?
- Does your caregiver make mistakes and then blame you or other people?
- Does your caregiver ask personal questions unrelated to your care, such as how you manage your finances?
- Does your caregiver eat your food without asking?
- Does your caregiver make unwanted comments about your appearance, weight, clothing, speech, eating habits, etc.?
- Do you sometimes find less money in your wallet then you expected?
- Are there unfamiliar charges on your checking or credit card account?
- Does your caregiver attempt to control your choices such as what you wear and what you eat?

If you answer "yes" to any of these questions, there may be potential for abuse.

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All persons employed by Consumer Direct are mandatory reporters of suspected abuse, neglect, exploitation, or self-neglect. This means if you tell us of an incident of abuse we must report it. Please report any of the following acts to our office immediately:

- Engaging in, or threatening a Member or a person in the Member's household with physical, sexual, mental abuse or coercion
- Exploiting a Member for financial gain or failing to remove a caregiver who has exploited a Member for financial gain
- Theft of medication, money, property, supplies, equipment, or other assets of a Member or the division
- Failing to report a theft as described in this section
- Failing to remove from contact with a Member any employee who is under the influence of alcohol or drugs while providing services to a Member, or whose use of alcohol or drugs interferes with work performance or Member safety.
- Violating, or knowingly allowing an employee to violate, state or federal laws regulating prescription drugs and controlled substances, including forging prescriptions and unlawfully distributing
- Failing to report to the division facts known to the provider agency or an agency's caregiver regarding the incompetent or illegal practice or conduct of a care provider in connection with services
- Performing, or allowing a caregiver to perform, a service that is beyond that person's professional training
- Failing to perform the acts that are within a person's scope of competence and training that are necessary to prevent harm or an increase in the risk of harm to a Member
- Violating the disclosure of information provisions of the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996
- Discriminating, or allowing a caregiver to discriminate, on the basis of race, religion, color, national origin, ancestry, or sex in the provision of care to a Member

Remember, reports of abuse, neglect and exploitation must be investigated. When Ault Protective Services receives a report, they will contact you to find out more information. Do not be alarmed. Their job is to keep the public safe.

Incident Management and Reporting

Incident Management refers to the prevention and reporting of abuse, neglect, or exploitation of Members. In the event an incident should occur, the Member, caregiver, or other party must:

- Ensure the safety of the Member
- Obtain medical assistance as needed
- Involve law enforcement as needed
- Report incidents to your county human services department

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Examples of reportable incidents include:

Abuse, Neglect and Exploitation

- Abuse means the willful infliction of injury, unreasonable confinement, intimidation, or punishment with resulting physical harm, pain or mental anguish to a Member.
- **Neglect** means the failure to provide goods and services necessary to avoid physical harm, mental anguish, or mental illness to a Member.
- **Exploitation** means the deliberate misplacement, exploitation, or wrongful, temporary or permanent use of a Member's belongings or money without the voluntary and informed consent of the Member.

Death

- Unexpected Death death caused by an accident, unknown, or unanticipated cause
- Natural or Expected Death any death of an individual caused by a long-term illness, a diagnosed chronic medical condition, or other natural or expected condition resulting in death.

• Other Reportable Incidents

- **Environmental Hazard** an unsafe condition that creates an immediate threat to life or health of a Member.
- Law Enforcement Intervention the arrest or detention of a person by law enforcement, involvement of law enforcement in an incident or event, or placement of a person in a correctional facility.
- **Emergency Services** admission to a hospital or psychiatric facility or provision of emergency services that result in medical care, which is not anticipated for the Member, and would not routinely be provided by a primary care provider.

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